

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

**Chapter 2: Section 1**

**Our Political Beginnings**

**A. KEY TERMS AND CONCEPTS**

Match the descriptions in Column I with the terms in Column II. Write the correct letter in each blank.

**Column I**

**Column II**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> A. a 1215 document, guaranteeing the rights of trial by jury and due process of law | <input type="checkbox"/> a. Unchecked government      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> B. guarantee of tax revenue, as in legislature                                      | <input type="checkbox"/> b. Representative government |
| <input type="checkbox"/> C. the idea that government is not all-powerful                                     | <input type="checkbox"/> c. Magna Carta               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> D. guarantee of tax revenue, as in legislature                                      | <input type="checkbox"/> d. Unchecked                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> E. the idea that government should serve the will of the people                     | <input type="checkbox"/> e. Unrestricted              |

**B. MAIN IDEAS**

Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank provided.

- A. The shape of monarchic government is based on the English political idea of a: checked government.  
b. limited government.  
c. representative government.  
d. all of the above.

B. Which of the following limitations on the English king's power was NOT included in the Magna Carta?

- a. The king could not imprison citizens without trial by jury.  
b. The king could not interfere in church elections.  
c. The king could not force his child to follow him to the throne.  
d. The king could not require people to shelter strangers without a formal court's warrant.

C. Which of the following describes a royal colony?

- a. a colony owned by a single private owner  
b. a colony subject to the direct control of the Crown  
c. a colony that was largely self-governed  
d. none of the above

D. Which of the following was a characteristic of the royal colonies?

- a. Their governments were unicameral.  
b. The governors had no fiscal charters.  
c. The governors lacked royal power over the legislatures.  
d. The governors and their councils shared the power of the purse.

E. The colonists were opposed to all of the following EXCEPT...

- a. an oligopoly for control of England's North American ports.  
b. the taxes levied from Native Americans.  
c. to provide a refuge to those in search of greater personal and religious freedom.  
d. an unrepresentative government.