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The unanimous Declaration of the thirteen united States of America

hen in the Course of human events it becomes necessary for one people to disso be the political bands which have connected them with another and to assume among the powers of the earth, the separate and equal station to which the Laws of Nature and of Nature's Godernik them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of Happiness. That to secure these rights, Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed, That whenever any Foun of Government. becomes destructive of these ends, it is the Right of the People to a ker or to abolish it, and to institute new Government, laying its foundation on such principles and organizing its powers in such form, a sto them shall seem most likely to effect their Safety and Happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that Governments long established shouldnot be changed for light and transient causes; and accordingly all experience hath shewn that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usupations, pursuing invariably the same Object evinces a design to reduce them under absolute Despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to flurow off such Government, and to provide new Guards for their future security. Such has been the patient sufferance of these Colonies; and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former Systems of Government. The history of the present King of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usupations, all having in direct object five establishment of an absolute Tyranny over the se States. To prove this, let Facts be submitted to a candid world.

He has refused his Assent to Laws, the most wholesome and recessary for the public good.

He has forbidden his Governor's to pass Laws of in mediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operation tillhis Assent should be obtained; and when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them.