ELA A 10 Figures of Speech: Similes and Metaphors TEACHER KEY

A **simile** is a comparison of two unlike things. Similes use *like, as,* or *than*. EXAMPLE: His temper was vicious *like an angry winter storm*.

A **metaphor** is a direct comparison of two unlike things. Metaphors do not use *like*, as, or than.

EXAMPLE: The sunshine of her smile can brighten even the darkest hearts.

Α.	For each of	the exampl	es below	, underline	the figu	rative ex	pression,	and i	n the
spa	ice provided	, identify ea	ch expr	ession as a	simile (S)) or meta	phor (M)).	

<u>S</u> _1.	Although she was generally happy, her moods were <u>like the weather</u> :							
<u>M</u> _2.	unpredictable. Terry has <u>dynamite</u> ideas.							
<u>M</u> _3.	The <u>little angels</u> waited nervously in their desks.							
<u>S</u> 4.	That August morning, the sun rested on my shoulders like a warm kitten.							
<u>S</u> _5.	Looking as <u>pale as a blank canvas</u> , Jody timidly entered the dentist's office.							
<u>M_</u> 6.								
<u>M</u> _7.	When he addressed the crowd, the politician thundered his disapproval of the proposed legislation.							
<u>S</u> _8.	1 1 0							
<u>M</u> _9.	"You'll get no pity from me!" cried the stone hearted villain.							
<u>S</u> _10.	After the concert, Roy's ears throbbed <u>like the beating of a bass drum</u> .							
B. Write two original similes and metaphors.								
1. Simile								
a	answers will vary							
b	answers will vary							
2. Metaphor								
a	answers will vary							
b	answers will vary							