SIMILES AND METAPHORS

TASK #1

A <u>metaphor</u> states that one thing is something else. It is a comparison, but it does **NOT** use like or as to make the comparison. A <u>simile</u> (notice it has the letter L in it) compares two different items using LIKE or AS or THAN in the sentence. You can remember it uses like because it has an L in it and metaphor doesn't.

For example: (simile) Her $\underline{\text{hair}}$ is soft like $\underline{\text{silk}}$. The sentence is comparing (or stating) that hair is LIKE silk. (metaphor) Her hair is soft silk.

Take a piece of paper and fold it HOT DOG STYLE. Now, fold it HAMBURGER STYLE 5 times (see sample on board). In one block on the left side, write a simile and illustrate it. In the block immediately to the right, write the same sentence as a metaphor. No illustration needed on the right. Do the same for the other blocks. You may not use any that the teacher has heard before or used as examples.

TASK #2

Identifying Similes and Metaphors Poetry Worksheet A

Decide whether each sentence contains a simile or a metaphor. Write the word SIMILE if the sentence contains a simile. Write the word METAPHOR if the sentence contains a metaphor.

- 1. The baby was like an octopus, grabbing at all the cans on the grocery store shelves.
- 2. As the teacher entered the room she muttered under her breath, "This class is like a three-ring circus!"
- 3. The giant's steps were thunder as he ran toward Jack.
- 4. The pillow was a cloud when I put my head upon it after a long day.
- 5. I feel like a limp dishrag.
- 6. Those girls are like two peas in a pod.
- 7. The fluorescent light was the sun during our test.
- 8. No one invites Harold to parties because he's a wet blanket.
- 9. The bar of soap was a slippery eel during the dog's bath.
- 10. Ted was as nervous as a cat with a long tail in a room full of rocking chairs.