Punnett Squares - Monohybrid, Dihybrid and Sex-Linked Crosses Integrated Science 2

5/07

Background

В

b

Original parents in any given set of crosses are called the **parent generation or parentals**, while the two subsequent generations are denoted with the symbols **F1** and **F2** (a cross of two F1 individuals). Punnett Squares are one method for visually demonstrating the probability of offspring **genotypes** and offspring **phenotypes**.

Example 1: (Monohybrid Cross)

For humans, brown eyes are dominant (B) over blue eyes (b). A heterozygous brown-eyed man marries a heterozygous brown-eyed female. What are the possible genotypes and phenotypes of the offspring?

Parents: Male = Bb; Female = Bb

В b The separation of the parental genotype from Bb and Bb on either side of the Punnett square represents meiosis. Each single letter represents a possible haploid condition in either an egg or a sperm, whereas the double letters represent a diploid condition.

- Conventions

 1. Male alleles on top of punnett square female alleles on the left

 2. Dominant allele (upper case) written before recessive allele

Record the probabilities for genotypes and phenotypes of the offspring (F_2 generation) as percents and ratios. Use the following format to write genotypic ratios: homozygous dominant: heterozygous: homozygous recessive. Use the following format to write phenotypic ratios: dominant phenotype: recessive phenotype.

Phenotypic Percent
75% brown eyes
25% blue eyes

Monohybrid Practice Problems

1. Cystic fibrosis is a recessive genetic disorder. Ron is homozygous dominant (FF) and Nancy is a carrier (Ff) of cystic fibrosis. Use a Punnett square to predict the probability that one of their children will have cystic fibrosis? Show all work and box your final answer.

Genotypic Percents	Phenotypic Percents

2. Patty is homozygous dominant for freckles (SS), while Charlie is homozygous for no freckles (ss). Draw a Punnett square predicting the probability if their children will have freckles.

Genotypic Percents	Phenotypic Percents