

**WKS 10.1 – Using the Mole Ratio (1 page)**

1. Define “stoichiometry”.
2. Define “molar mass”.
3. Define “mole ratio”.
4. Define “theoretical yield”.
5. Answer the following questions for this equation:  $2 \text{H}_2 + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}$ 
  - a. What is the molar ratio of hydrogen gas to oxygen gas?
  - b. What is the molar ratio of hydrogen gas to water?
  - c. What is the molar ratio of oxygen gas to water?
  - d. If you had 20 moles of  $\text{H}_2$  on hand, and excess  $\text{O}_2$ , how many moles of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  could you theoretically make?
  - e. If you had 20 moles of  $\text{O}_2$  on hand, and excess  $\text{H}_2$ , how many moles of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  could you theoretically make?
6. Answer the following questions for this equation:  $\text{N}_2 + 3 \text{H}_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{NH}_3$ 
  - a. What is the molar ratio of nitrogen gas to ammonia?
  - b. What is the molar ratio of hydrogen gas to ammonia?
  - c. What is the molar ratio of nitrogen gas to hydrogen gas?
  - d. What is the maximum amount of ammonia that could be made from 3.00 moles of hydrogen gas?
  - e. How many moles of nitrogen gas would it take to make a maximum of 15 moles of ammonia?
  - f. How many moles of hydrogen gas would it take to make a maximum of 15 moles of ammonia?

**90% of a worksheet must be completed to earn credit for that worksheet!**