

Name(s) _____

Experiments: series and parallel circuits



Experiment 1: Making A Series Circuit

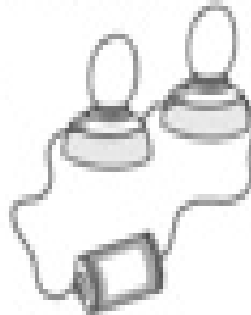
Materials: two flashlight bulbs with holders
three 2-inch lengths of wire
C-size battery

Procedure:

1. Attach the wires to the battery and lightbulbs as shown in the illustration. If the bulbs do not light, check the connections and try again.

2. While the bulbs are lit, unscrew one bulb. Record your observations.

3. Why do you think this happened?



Comparing Circuits

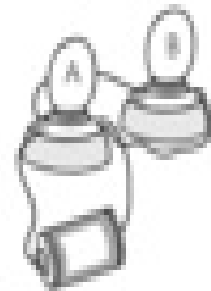
Electrical currents follow paths called circuits. A series circuit connects everything in a single path. A parallel circuit has more than one path for current. Complete the experiments below to make both a series and a parallel circuit.

Experiment 2: Making A Parallel Circuit

Materials: supplies listed for Experiment 1
one more length of wire

Procedure:

1. Attach the wires to the battery and lightbulbs as shown in the illustration. If the bulbs do not light, check the connections and try again.



2. While the bulbs are lit, unscrew bulb B. Record your observations.

3. Why do you think this happened? _____

4. Screw bulb B back in and unscrew bulb A. Record your observations.

5. Why do you think this happened? _____

6. Which type of circuit do you think is more reliable? Why? _____

Remember: Why couldn't you connect a house with series circuits? Write your answer on the back of this page.