

+ WS 7.1 Specific Heat & Calorimetry
Show all work neatly.....

$$q = m c \Delta T$$

| Specific Heats | |
|----------------|-------------|
| substance | c (J/g°C) |
| water | 4.184 |
| ethanol | 2.452 |
| graphite | 0.720 |
| diamond | 0.502 |
| iron | 0.444 |
| copper | 0.385 |
| silver | 0.237 |
| gold | 0.129 |
| ice | 2.092 |

1. How much heat is required to raise the temp of 654 g of water from 34.5°C to 89.7°C?

Ans _____

2. How much heat is required to raise the temp of 654 g of silver from 34.5°C to 89.7°C?

Ans _____

3. If 7350 J were added to 152 g of ethanol, its temp would go up by how much?

Ans _____

4. 16.25 g of water at 54.0°C releases 402.7 J. What will be its final temp?
hint: it's cooling down, so the final temperature will be less than 54.0°C

Ans _____

5. 697 J are added to a 36.8 g of kerosene and the temp increases from 22.5°C to 34.7°C. Determine kerosene's specific heat.

Ans _____

6. 25 copper pennies (each weighing 3.12 g) are placed in 36.0 g of ethanol at room temp (22.1°C). How much heat will it take to raise the temperature up to 65.8°C?
hint: Calculate q for the copper & q for the ethanol separately. Then add your 2 answers together

Ans _____

7. What mass of 54.0°C water must be added to 468 g of 21.0°C water to make the final temp of both come out to be 29.0°C?

Ans _____

8. What mass of 54.0°C gold must be added to 468 g of 21.0°C water to make the final temp of both come out to be 29.0°C?

Ans _____

9. A 325 g brass rod at 100.0°C is placed in a cup containing 162 g of 24.3°C water. The final temp comes out to be 37.4°C. Determine brass's specific heat.

Ans _____

10. 100.0 g of water at 20.0°C are mixed with 200.0 g of copper at 40.0°C. What will the final temp come out to be?

Ans _____

Ans (IRO+1): 0.436 1.55 19.7 23.1 29.5 48.1 150 4860 5170 8560 151,000 **units (IRO+1):** J J J °C °C °C °C g g J/g°C J/g°C