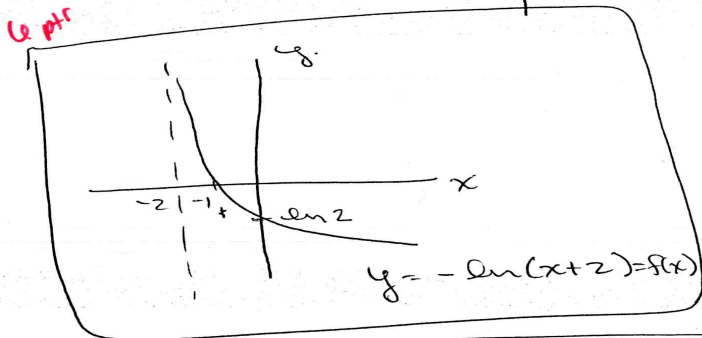
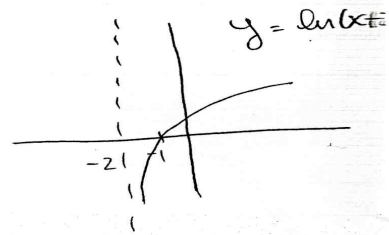
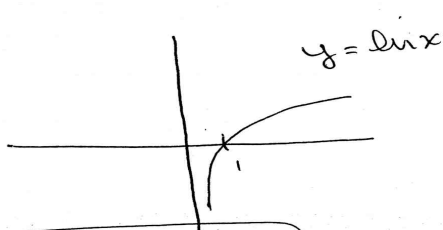


6 pts
 ③ g has a hole in the graph @ $x = -2$
 The hole is at the point $(-2, -\frac{1}{4})$.

16 pts
 ④ $P(x) = x^2(x+2)(x-4)$

⑤ a)



3 pt b) yes, f is 1-1 b/c its graph passes the horizontal line test.

8 pt c)

$$x = -\ln(y+2)$$

$$-x = \ln(y+2)$$

$$e^{-x} = y+2$$

$$y = e^{-x} - 2$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = e^{-x} - 2$$