

Definitions

Common Law - A system of law based on precedents and customs.

Defendant - A party that is sued from an earlier case.

Demanded - A written notice.

Demand - The party that brings charges against the accused. The government is always the plaintiff in a case.

Defendant - The individual or group that is being accused of a crime in a criminal case.

Defendant - A target victim that has been nominated for another or successive shooting.

Defendant - A minor crime that has been broken.

Larceny - The taking of someone's property and not intending to ever return it.

Robbery - The taking of a person's property by using force or threats.

Burglary - The unlawful entry of a dwelling, with the purpose of committing a crime.

Locality - Legal action whereby a person or group cause to inflict damages that occur from their actions.

State - strongest arm for which an injured party has the right to sue.

Victim - Primary target about another person.

Constitutional Law - Laws dealing with the formation, construction and interpretation of the constitution.

State Defense - In Latin it means "Is the defendant mad?". The practice of using earlier judicial rulings as a basis for deciding cases.