Detecting and Deterring Fraud

Identity Theft vs. Identity Fraud

Identity theft is an actual charge

Identity fraud is \underline{not} a charge. It happens when a person creates an identity or assumes the identity of a real person

A person who commits identity theft, engages in identity fraud

Definitions

Personal Identifying Information- Any name, code, number, or information that may be used to assume the identity of another person

Personal Identification Number- Any number or code that can be used to assume the identity of another person, or gain access to financial recourses of another

Identity Theft

Type: Misdemeanor- P.L. 190.78

<u>Definition</u>: With intent to defraud person knowingly assumes the identity of another person by:

-Acting as that person

-Using Person Identifying Information of that person and thereby...

1) Obtain goods, money, property or service or

Uses credit in the name of that person or

Causes financial loss to that person or

2) Commits a Class A Misdemeanor or higher level crime

Note: Higher level crime will allow ADA to plan bargain from felony to the misdemeanor

Identity Theft

Type: Felony- P.L. 190.79/80

<u>Definition</u>: With intent to defraud person knowingly assumes the identity of another person by:
-Acting as that person

- -Using Person Identifying Information of that person and thereby...
 - 1) Obtain good, money, services, credit in amount EXCEEDING \$500.00 or
 - 2) Causes financial damage loss to such person EXCEEDING \$500.00 or
 - 3) COMMITS/ATTEMPTS FELONY (or acts as accessory) or
 - 4) Previous conviction with in 5 years

<u>Unlawful Possession of Personal Identifying Information</u>

Type: Misdemeanor P.L. 190.81

<u>Definition</u>: Person knowingly possesses a person's:

- -Financial services account number
- -Savings account number or code
- -Checking account number or code
- -Credit Chard account number or code