Vocabulary Strategies for High School Building background word knowledge

Strategy	Purpose	Process	Template
Pre-assess vocabulary	Pre-assessment: To find out what students already know about the vocabulary in the new unit before it is taught To plan for instruction that addresses varying levels of knowledge To form flexible groups	One to two weeks before a new unit is introduced, students are pre-assessed to determine readiness. Pre-assessments are quick tools that help teachers find out what students know. Examples include: Self-assessment of words (see Marzano's template) Short quiz or teacher made pretest Graffiti Walk + teacher observation to identify students with limited knowledge	Pre-assess Vocabulary Use results to plan for previewing Preview
Preview vocabulary based on results	Preview vocabulary: • To build background knowledge for SWD and others with limited knowledge of the new terms Previewing refers to activities that start students thinking about the content they will encounter. Research indicates that previewing has a significant effect on learning — especially for students with limited background knowledge on a topic.	Based on assessment results, coteachers plan for previewing. Previewing activities may be for the group of students having the lowest scores on the pre-assessment or could be done with the whole class if most scores are low. In some cases, a smaller group of high scoring students may receive extension activities while the rest of the class receives previewing has a significant extended to the content extended to the class receives previewing (the Alternative Model works well here). Previewing strategies can include: -use of the Frayer Model -Word Questioning Strategy	Vocabulary