SCCS Life Science
Codominance Worksheet (Blood types)

Name				
Per	Date			

Human blood types are determined by genes that follow the CODOMINANCE pattern of inheritance. There are two dominant alleles (I^A and I^B) and one recessive allele (i).

Blood Type (Phenotype)	Genotype	Can donate blood to:	Can receive blood from:
О	ii	A,B,AB and O (universal donor)	О
AB	I^AI^B	O, AB	A,B,AB and O (universal receiver)
A	I ^A I ^A or I ^A i	AB, A	O,A
В	I ^B I ^B or I ^A i	AB,B	О,В

1.	Write the	genotype	for each	person base	d on the	description:
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a.	Homozygous for the "B" allele	
b.	Heterozygous for the "A" allele	
c.	Type O	
d.	Type "A" and had a type "O" parent	
e.	Type "AB"	
	Blood can be donated to anybody	
g.	Can only get blood from a type "O" donor	

- 2. Pretend that Mr. Erythrocyte is homozygous for the type B allele, and Mrs. Erythrocyte is type "O." What are all the possible blood types of their baby?
- 3. Draw a Punnett square showing all the possible blood types for the offspring produced by a type "O" mother and an a Type "AB" father