## **Grammar Worksheet #7.1 - Conjunctions**

Mr. Oncay's Language Arts

We are going to study three kinds of conjunctions:

 $\underline{\textbf{Coordinating Conjunctions}} : \textbf{Coordinating conjunctions join words, phrases, and independent clauses (sentences that express complete thoughts.)}$ 

for	and	nor	but	or	yet	so	
("fanboys")							

Note: Some of the words in the box can function as other parts of speech, but you should memorize "fanboys."

Joining words:

Bob ate **pretzels, chips,** <u>and</u> **peanuts.** 

Joining phrases:

Bob ran **across the street** <u>and</u> **through the park**.

Joining independent clauses:

Marjorie asked her mom for money, but her mom didn't have any.

Correlative Conjunctions: Correlative conjunctions always appear in pairs. You use them to link parts of sentences, like nouns, noun phrases, prep phrases, etc.

```
"both... and"
"either... or"
"neither... nor"
"not only... but also"
"whether... or"
```

Joining words: Sally enjoys <u>both</u> **books** <u>and</u> **magazines**.

Joining noun phrases:

Mark said we should bring <u>either</u> **a green salad** <u>or</u> **some cheese dip**.

Joining prep phrases:

My keys are <u>neither</u> **on the shelf** <u>nor</u> **in the drawer**.

The movie was <u>not only</u> **stupid** <u>but also</u> **lengthy**.

Whether Bob eats a vegetable or he tries some fruit, I expect him to make healthy choices.