

Name _____

CCSS 2.L.1.f Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound...

Complete Sentences

A complete sentence tells a complete thought. It begins with a capital letter and ends with an end mark. A sentence has a naming part and a telling part.

→ Directions: Read each group of words. If it is a complete sentence, write YES on the line. If it is not a complete sentence, write NO on the line.

1. Laura brought her lunch today. _____
2. ate her lunch in the cafeteria. _____
3. Garrett and Grant _____
4. Kimi forgot to close the door. _____
5. down the street. _____
6. the cloudy skies. _____
7. We saw a rainbow after the storm passed. _____
8. fed the hummingbirds. _____
9. A butterfly landed on Jaysa's foot. _____