

## Notice to Employee

Do you have to file? Refer to the Form 1040 Instructions to determine if you are required to file a tax return. Even if you do not have to file a tax return, you may be eligible for a refund if box 2 shows no amount or if you are eligible for any credit.

**Employer income credit (EIC).** You may be able to take the EIC for 2014 if your adjusted gross income (AGI) is less than \$65,000 (\$130,000 for married filing jointly). The amount of credit depends on income and family size. Workers without children could qualify for a smaller credit. You and any qualifying children must have valid social security numbers (SSNs). You cannot take the EIC if your investment income is more than the specified amount for 2014 or if income is earned for services provided to you where an income is a part of a pension. For 2014 investment income limits, see *Investment Income*, visit [www.irs.gov](#). Also see Pub. 505, *Federal Income Credit*. Any EIC that is more than your tax liability is refunded to you, but only if you file a tax return.

**Clergy and religious workers.** If you are not subject to social security and medicare taxes, see Pub. 517, *Social Security and Other Information Issue*, and Pub. 517, *Social Security and Other Information for Members of the Clergy and Religious Workers*.

**Conversions.** If your name, SSN, or address is incorrect, contact Copies B, C, and D and ask your employer to correct your tax return record. Then file a copy of the corrected file Form 1040. Contact the Social Security Administration, with the Social Security Administration (SSA), to correct any name, SSN, or address entered error reported to the SSA on Form W-2. Be sure to get your copies of Form W-2s from your employer for all corrections made so you can file them with your tax return. If your name and SSN are correct but are not the ones shown on your tax return, you should ask for a new copy of the document you correct instead of any SSA notice or by calling 1-800-772-1213. You also may visit the SSA at [www.socialsecurity.gov](#).

**Cost of employer-sponsored health coverage (if such cost is paid by the employer).** The reporting is in box 12, using code DD, of the cost of employer-sponsored health coverage in your tax return only. The amount reported with code DD is not taxable.

**Credit for excess taxes.** If you had more than one exemption in 2014 and owe more than \$7,254 in social security and medicare taxes (Form W-2, line 14) that were not withheld, you may be able to claim a credit for the excess against your federal income tax. If you had more than one individual employee and more than \$10,000 in Tax 2 RRTA tax was withheld, you also may be able to claim a credit. See [Form 9855](#) or [Form 1045](#), *Excess Deductions and Pub. 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax*.

### Instructions for Employees

**Box 1.** Enter this amount on the wages line of your tax return.

**Box 2.** Enter this amount on the federal income tax withheld line of your tax return.

**Box 3.** You may be required to report this amount on Form 9855, *Additional Medicare Tax*. See Form 1040 Instructions to determine if you are required to complete Form 9855.

**Box 4.** This amount includes the 1.45% Medicare Tax withheld on all Medicare wages and tips shown in Box 5, as well as the 0.9% Additional Medicare Tax on any of those Medicare wages and tips above \$200,000.

**Box 8.** This amount is not included in boxes 1, 2, 5, or 7. For information on how to report tips on your tax return, see your Form 1040 instructions.

You must file Form 4137, *Social Security and Medicare Tax on Unemployment Compensation*, if you are entitled to report at least a small amount unless you are sure that the actual amount of tips you received, except that amount even if it is more or less than the allocated tips, on Form 4137 you will calculate the social security and Medicare tax on the allocated tips shown on your Form(s) W-2 that you must report as income and as other tips you did not report to your employer. By filing Form 4137, your social security tips will be credited to your social security record (used to figure your benefits).

**Box 10.** This amount includes the total dependent care benefits that your employer paid to you or incurred on your behalf (including amounts from a section 125 (dependent care) plan). Any amount over \$5,000 is also included in box 1. Complete Form 2441, *Child and Dependent Care Expenses*, to compute any taxable and nontaxable amounts.

**Box 11.** This amount is (a) reported in box 1 if it is a deferral made in your retirement deferred compensation or nonqualified section 457(b) plan or (b) included in box 3 under 3 if it is a plan year deferral under a nonretirement section 457(b) plan that becomes taxable for federal and state tax purposes before the plan's end date if a substantial risk of forfeiture of your right to use deferrals present. This box may not be used if you had a deferral and a distribution in the same calendar year. If you made a deferral and received a distribution in the same calendar year, and you are or will be age 62 by the end of the calendar year, your employer should file Form SSA-121, *Employee Report of Special Wage Payments*, with the Social Security Administration and give you a copy.

**Box 12.** The following table explains the codes shown in box 12. You may need this information to complete your tax return. Effective deferrals (codes D, E, F, and G) and designated Roth contributions (codes AA, BB, and CC) under all plans are generally limited to a total of \$17,000 (\$12,000 if you only have SIMPLE plans), \$20,500 for section 450(b) plans if you qualify for the 15% year rate explained in Pub. 577. Deferrals under code G are limited to \$17,000.

However, if you were at least age 50 in 2014, your employer may have allowed an additional deferral of up to \$5,500 (\$2,500 for section 401(k)(11) and 408(a) SIMPLE plans). This additional deferral amount is not subject to the overall limit on elective deferrals. For code G, the limit on elective deferrals may be higher for the last 3 years before you reach retirement age. Contact your plan administrator for more information. Amounts in excess of the overall limit on elective deferrals are taxable in box 12. See the *Wages, Salaries, Tip, etc.* line instructions for Form 1040. Note: If a year includes code D through H, S, Y, AA, BB, or CC, you receive a make-up premium contribution for a prior year(s) while you were in military service. To figure whether you made excess deferrals, consider these amounts for the year shown, not the current year. If no year is shown, the contributions are for the current year.

**A.** Undesignated general security or RRTA tax on tips. Include this tax on Form 1040. See "Other Taxes" in the Form 1040 instructions.

**B.** Undesignated Medicare tax on tips. Include this tax on Form 1040. See "Other Taxes" in the Form 1040 instructions.

**C.** Taxable cost of group-term life insurance over \$200,000 (included in boxes 1, 3 (up to social security wage base), and 5).

**D-Elective deferrals to a section 401(k) cash or deferred arrangement. Also include deferrals under a SIMPLE retirement account that is part of an FRTA arrangement.**

**E-Elective deferrals under a section 409(a)(9)(B) salary reduction agreement.**

**F-Elective deferrals under a section 409(a)(9)(B) salary reduction SEP.**

**G-Elective deferrals and employer contributions (including nondesignated deferrals) to a section 457(b) deferred compensation plan.**

**H-Elective deferrals to a section 501(c)(15)(D) tax-exempt organization plan. See "Qualified Retirement Income" in the Form 1040 instructions for how to deduct.**

**J-Nontaxable sick pay (information only, not included in boxes 1, 3, or 5)**

**K-20% excise tax on excess gratuity payments. See "Other Taxes" in the Form 1040 instructions.**

**L-Retired employee business expense reimbursements (nonqualified)**

**M-Undesignated social security or RRTA tax on taxable cost of group-term life insurance over \$200,000 (former employees only). See "Other Taxes" in the Form 1040 instructions.**

**N-Unclaimed Medicare tax on taxable cost of group-term life insurance over \$200,000 (former employees only). See "Other Taxes" in the Form 1040 instructions.**

**O-Electable moving expense reimbursements paid directly to employee (not included in boxes 1, 3, or 5)**

**P-Nontaxable combat pay. See the instructions for Form 1040 or Form 1040A for details on reporting this amount.**

**Q-Employee contributions to your Archer MSA and Long-Term Care Insurance Contracts.**

**R-Employee salary reduction contributions under a section 401(k) SIMPLE plan (not included in box 1)**

**T-Adoption benefits (not included in box 1). Complete Form 2335, *Qualified Adoption Expenses*, to compute any taxable and nontaxable amounts.**

**V-Amount from exercise of nonvesting stock options (included in boxes 1, 3 (up to social security wage base), and 5). See Pub. 525 and instructions for Schedule D (Form 1040) for reporting requirements.**

**W-Employer contributions (including amounts the employee elected to contribute using a section 525 (deferrals) plan) to your health savings account. Report on Form 8889, *Health Savings Accounts (HSAs)*.**

**X-Deferrals under a section 409(a) nonqualified deferred compensation plan.**

**Z-Amount under a nonqualified deferred compensation plan (not from a section 409A). This amount is also included in box 1. It is subject to an additional 20% tax plus interest. See "Other Taxes" in the Form 1040 instructions.**

**AA-Designated Roth contributions under a section 401(k) plan.**

**BB-Designated Roth contributions under a section 403(b) plan.**

**DD-Cost of employer-sponsored health coverage. The amount reported with Code DD is not taxable.**

**EE-Designated Roth contributions under a governmental section 457(b) plan. This amount does not apply to contributions under a tax-exempt designation section 457(b) plan.**

**FF-If the "Retirement plan" box is checked, special rules may apply to the amount of traditional IRA contributions you may deduct. See Pub. 590, *Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs)*.**

**GG-Employees may use this box to report information such as state disability insurance taxes withheld, union dues, uniform payments, health insurance premiums deducted, nonresident income, educational assistance payments, or a portion of the employee's parsonage allowances and utilities. Full-time employees are not to report qualified retirement (RRTA) compensation. See Form 1040, line 16, *Retirement Income and Additional Medicare Tax*. Include tips reported by the employee to the employer in qualified retirement (RRTA) compensation.**

**Note. Keep Copy C of Form W-2 for at least 3 years after the due date for filing your income tax return. However, to help protect your social security benefits, keep Copy C until you begin receiving social security benefits, and in case there is a question about your work record under earnings in a particular year.**