Pronouns- Personal, Reflexive, and Intensive

Personal pronouns are pronouns that change form to express person, number, and

gender.

| | First Person | Second Person | Third Person |
|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| | (the person | (The person spoken | (the person or thing |
| | speaking) | to) | spoken of) |
| Singular | I, me, my, mine | You, your, yours | He, him, his, she, her, |
| (refers to one | | | hers, it, its |
| person, place, | | | |
| thing, or idea) | | | |
| Plural | We, us, our, ours | You, your, yours | They, them, their, theirs |
| (refers to more | | | |
| than one person, | | | |
| place, thing, or | | | |
| idea) | | | |

Pronouns can be masculine, feminine, or neuter in gender. The **masculine** pronouns **he, his** and **him** refer to males. The **feminine** pronouns **she, her**, and **hers** refer to females. The **neuter** pronouns **it** and **its** refer to thing and sometimes animals.

Bamjee is angry at his wife because of her political activities.

He sees the duplicating machine and resents its presence in his home.