

The Making of the Constitution

Directions: Answer the questions to the reading. Hand up. 75/75

1. What had to happen to the government in 1787?
It was total and total and total law.
2. Where did the delegates meet?
Philadelphia in Independence Hall
3. Why did the British reject and delegates to the Constitution?
It opposed a strong central government.
4. How many delegates showed up to the Constitution? How many of those delegates signed the Declaration of Independence?
55 delegates showed up and 39 signed the Declaration of Independence.
5. What were the occupations of the delegates that were at the Constitution?
Lawyers, college presidents, merchants, government, printers, planters.
6. Why were the three British ambassadors invited to attend and represent?
They were not part of the political process.
7. How did the British react to the Constitution?
(B)
8. Which two delegates were not to become presidents?
George Washington and James Madison.
9. What two British American leaders were not at the Constitution? Why were they there?
Thomas Jefferson and John Adams were representatives of the US government in Paris and London.
10. What provided most the Constitution?
George Washington
11. What were the rules to the Constitution?
 - A. Each state had one vote
 - B. A simple majority vote (70 votes needed)
 - C. No state had a veto power.
 - D. The states decided the constitution.
12. Why were the French ambassadors at the Constitution?
People single the and convince the government.
13. What were some of the details of the Constitution signed?
Articles
14. What did the delegates realize when they signed the the Articles of Confederation?
Articles of the Articles and some were Constitution
15. What did the delegates see come out?
To strengthen the national government.