

PLANETS	INTERVAL REDUCED TO THE INTERIOR OF AN OCTAVE	
♃	fourth	$\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^0 = 1 = \left(\frac{h^+}{\sqrt[9]{9}}\right)^0$
♄	octave	$\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^1 = \frac{3}{2} = \left(\frac{h^+}{\sqrt[9]{9}}\right)^1$
♅	fifth	$\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{9}{8} = \left(\frac{h^+}{\sqrt[9]{9}}\right)^2$
♆	second	$\frac{1}{2} \times \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^3 = \frac{27}{16} = \left(\frac{h^+}{\sqrt[9]{9}}\right)^3 \times \frac{1}{2}$
♇	sixth	$\frac{1}{2^2} \times \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^4 = \frac{81}{64} = \left(\frac{h^+}{\sqrt[9]{9}}\right)^4 \times \frac{1}{2^2}$
♈	third	$\frac{1}{2^3} \times \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^5 = \frac{243}{128} = \left(\frac{h^+}{\sqrt[9]{9}}\right)^5 \times \frac{1}{2^3}$
♉	seventh	$\frac{1}{2^4} \times \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^6 = \frac{729}{512} = \left(\frac{h^+}{\sqrt[9]{9}}\right)^6 \times \frac{1}{2^4}$