Extension Activity *Nested Expressions*

Nested Expressions

Sometimes more than one set of parentheses are used to group the quantities in an expression. These expressions are said to have "nested" parentheses. The expression below has "nested" parentheses.

$$(4 \pm (3 \cdot (2 + 3)) + 8) \div 9$$

Expressions with several sets of grouping symbols are clearer if braces such as [] or brackets such as [] are used. Here is the same example written with brackets and braces.

$$(4 + [3 \cdot (2 + 3)] + 8) \div 9$$

To evaluate expressions of this type, work from the inside out.

$$(4 + [3 \cdot (2 + 3)] + 8] \div 9 = \{4 + [3 \cdot 5] + 8\} \div 9$$

$$= [4 + 15 + 8] \div 9$$

$$= 27 \div 9$$

$$= 3$$

Evaluate each expression.

1.
$$3 + [(24 \div 8) \cdot 7] - 20$$

2.
$$\lceil (16-7+5) \div 2 \rceil - 7$$

3.
$$[2 \cdot (23 - 6) + 14] \div 6$$

4.
$$50 - [3 \cdot (15 - 5)] + 25$$

5.
$$12 + \{28 - [2 \cdot (11 - 7)] + 3\}$$

6.
$$\{75 + 3 \cdot \lceil (17 - 9) \div 2 \rceil \} \cdot 2$$

7.
$$20 + \{3 \cdot [6 + (56 \div 8)]\}$$

8.
$$\{4 + [5 \cdot (12 - 5)] + 15\} \cdot 10$$

9.
$$(15 \cdot [(38 - 26) \div 4]) - 15$$

10.
$$\{[34 + (6 \cdot 5)] \div 8\} + 40$$